1. $876+543-198=\square$


1 mark
2. $37.8-14.671=\square$


1 mark


4. $\begin{array}{r}5413 \\ \times \quad 86 \\ \hline\end{array}$

5. $\begin{array}{r}1757 \\ \times \quad 49\end{array}$


2 marks
6.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 4781 \\
& \times \quad 23
\end{aligned}
$$


8. $8 3 \longdiv { 8 0 5 1 }$

9. $1 3 \longdiv { 3 0 1 6 }$

10. $2 4 \longdiv { 6 7 2 }$


## Mark schemes

1. 1221
2. 23.129
3. 6.52
4. Award TWO marks for the correct answer of 465,518

If the answer is incorrect, award ONE mark for the formal method of long multiplication with no more than ONE arithmetic error, e.g.
-

| 5413 |
| ---: |
| $\times \quad 86$ |
| 32478 |
| 433040 |
| 465438 (error) |

OR
-

5413
$\times \frac{86}{32478}$
$\frac{423040}{455518}$ (error)
Working must be carried through to reach a final answer for the award of ONE mark.
Do not award any marks if the error is in the place value, e.g. the omission of the zero when multiplying by tens:

5413
$\times \quad 86$
$\frac{43304}{75782}$ (place value error)
5. For 2 marks: 86093

For 1 mark:
1757
179
$\times \quad$
70280
15813
86093
An error in one row, then added correctly, or an error in the addition
6. Award TWO marks for the correct answer of 109,963

If the answer is incorrect, award ONE mark for a formal method of long multiplication with no more than ONE arithmetical error, e.g.

- 4781
$\times$
23
14343
95620
209963 (error)
OR
- 4781
$\times$
$\frac{23}{14343}$
95630 (error)
109973
Working must be carried through to reach a final answer for the award of ONE mark.
Do not award any marks if the error is in the place value, e.g. the omission of the zero when multiplying by tens:

4781
$\times 23$
$\times \quad 14343$
14343
9562 (place value error)
23905
Up to $2 m$
7. 180
8.

Award TWO marks for the correct answer of 97
If the answer is incorrect, award ONE mark for the formal methods of division with no more than ONE arithmetic error, i.e.

- long division algorithm, e.g.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 96 \text { r82 } \\
& 8 3 \longdiv { 8 0 5 1 } \\
& -\quad 7470 \\
& -\quad 580 \\
& -\quad 498 \\
& \hline-82
\end{aligned}
$$

OR

| 47 (error) |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| $8 3 \longdiv { 8 0 5 1 }$ |  |
| - 4150 | $50 \times 83$ |
| 3901 |  |
| - 3320 | $40 \times 83$ |
| 581 |  |
| 581 | $7 \times 83$ |
| 0 |  |

- short division algorithm, e.g.

$$
\frac{96 r 73}{83} \begin{array}{|c|c|}
805^{57} 1 & \text { (error) }
\end{array}
$$

Working must be carried through to reach a final answer for the award of ONE mark.
Short division methods must be supported by evidence of appropriate carrying figures to indicate the use of a division algorithm, and be a complete method. The carrying figure must be less than the divisor.
9.

Award TWO marks for the correct answer of 232.
If the answer is incorrect, award ONE mark for the formal methods of division which contains no more than ONE arithmetical error, e.g:

- long division algorithm
wrong answer
$1 3 \longdiv { 3 0 1 6 }$ $\frac{26}{41}$
$-\quad 39$
- $\quad 26$

Working must be carried through to reach an answer for the award of ONE mark.
Do not award any marks if the final (answer) line of digits is missing.

- short division algorithm
wrong answer
$1 3 \longdiv { 3 0 ^ { 4 } 1 ^ { 2 } 6 }$
Short division methods must be supported by evidence of appropriate carrying figures to indicate the use of a division algorithm, and be a complete method.

Commentary: Two marks are awarded for the correct answer. However, if the answer is incorrect, one mark can only be awarded if the pupil has used one of the formal methods of long or short division. An appropriate carrying figure in short division must be less than 13 in this instance.

Up to 2
10.

For 2 marks:
28
For 1 mark:
Evidence of either a long division method or short division method with only one error (carry figures must be seen in a short division method)

Up to 2

