Reasoning and Problem Solving Step 3: Adding Money

National Curriculum Objectives:

Mathematics Year 3: (3M9a) Add and subtract amounts of money to give change, using both £ and p in practical contexts

Differentiation:

Questions 1, 4 and 7 (Problem Solving)

Developing Find three possible combinations that total less or more than a given amount. Additions include no exchanges. Pictorial support used alongside values. Pence less than £1 does not total more than 100p. Scaffolding for the answer is provided.

Expected Find three possible combinations that total less or more than a given amount. Additions include some exchanges.

Greater Depth Find at least four possible combinations that total less or more than a given amount. Additions include multiple values and exchanges. Conversion between £ and p used within the same question. No scaffolding provided.

Questions 2, 5 and 8 (Problem Solving)

Developing Find alternate ways of adding two amounts, using a specific amount of coins, which total a given amount. Additions include no exchanges. Pictorial support used alongside values. Pence less than £1 does not total more than 100p.

Expected Find alternate ways of adding two amounts, using a specific amount of coins, which total a given amount. Additions include some exchanges.

Greater Depth Find a way of adding two amounts, using an amount of coins that fits given criteria, which totals a given amount. No scaffolding provided.

Questions 3, 6 and 9 (Reasoning)

Developing Determine whether there is a missing coin from the total given when adding two amounts. Additions include no exchanges. Pictorial support used alongside values. Pence less than £1 does not total more than 100p. Scaffolding for the answer is provided. Expected Determine whether there are two missing coins from the total given when adding two amounts. Additions include some exchanges.

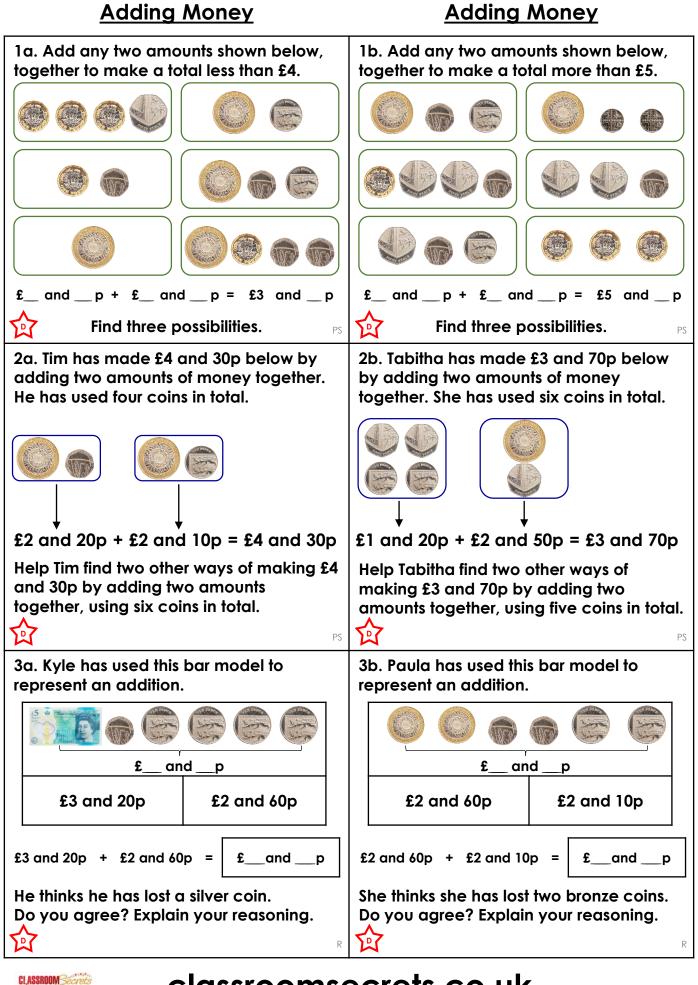
Greater Depth Determine whether there are more than two missing coins from the total given when adding two amounts. Additions include multiple values and exchanges. Conversion between £ and p used within the same question. No scaffolding provided.

More <u>Year 3 Money</u> resources.

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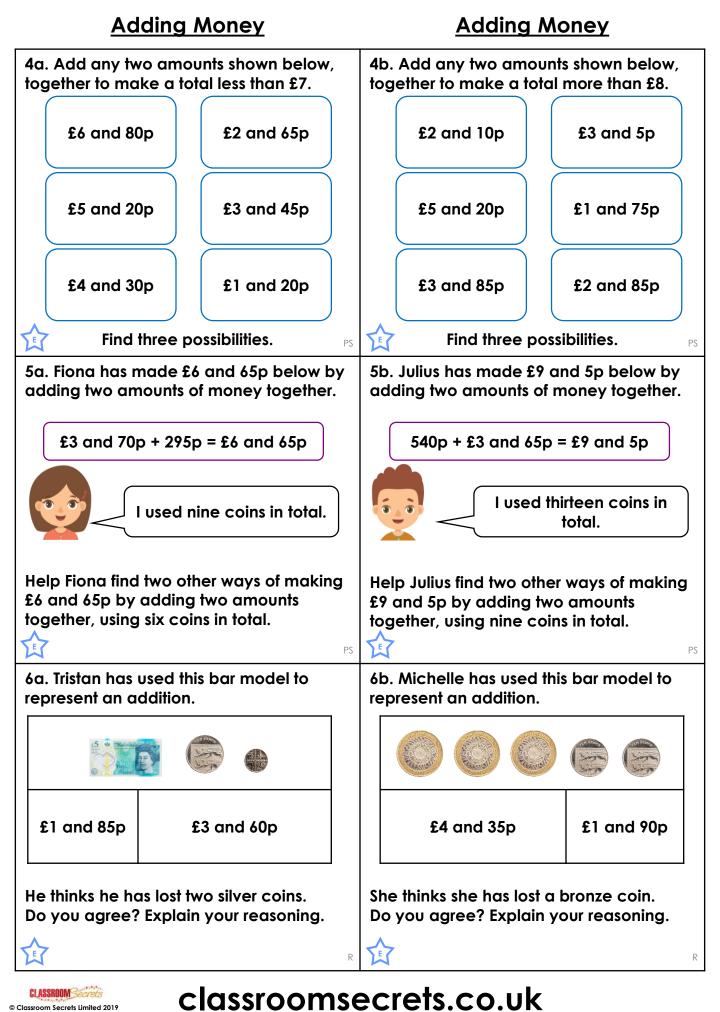
Reasoning and Problem Solving – Adding Money – Teaching Information



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Reasoning and Problem Solving – Adding Money – Year 3 Developing

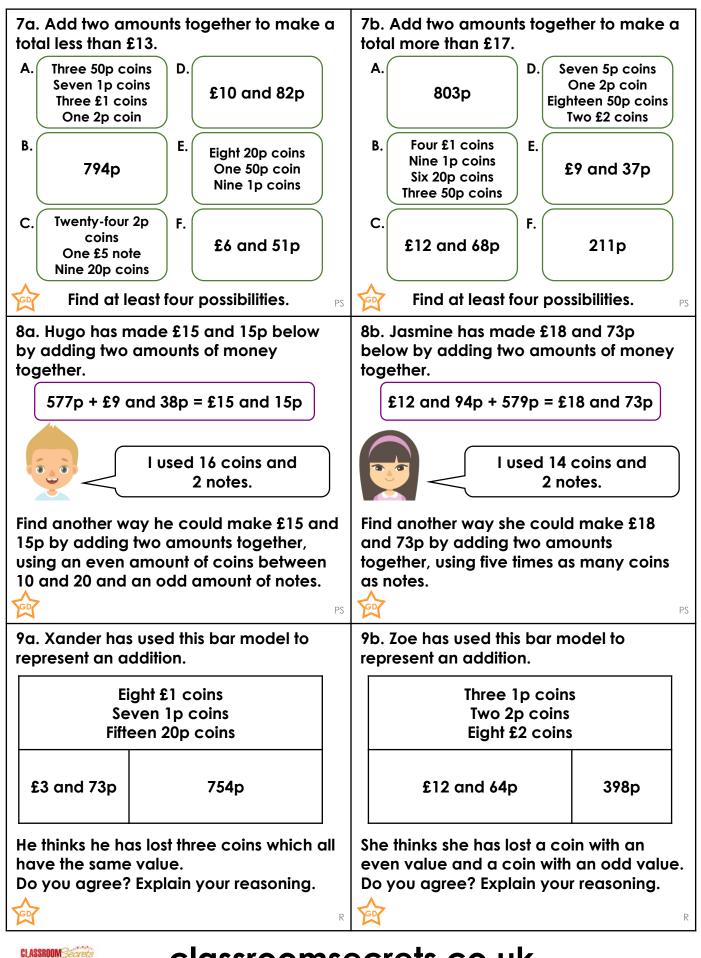
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Reasoning and Problem Solving – Adding Money – Year 3 Expected



Adding Money



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<u>Reasoning and Problem Solving</u> <u>Adding Money</u>

Developing

1a. £1 and 20p + £2 = £3 and 20, £1 and 20p + £2 and 10p = £3 and 30p and £1 and 20p + £2 and 30p = £3 and 50p 2a. Various answers, for example: (£1 + 50p + 20p) + (£2 + 50p + 10p) = £4 and 30p; (£2 + 10p + £1) + (£1 + 10p + 10p) = £4 and 30p

3a. Yes, this is possible as the difference is 20p and 20p is a silver coin.

Expected

4a. Various answers, for example: £2 and 65p + £1 and 20p = £3 and 85p,

£5 and 20p + £1 and 20p = £6 and 40p and £3 and 45p + £2 and 65p = £6 and 10p

5a. Various answers, for example: $(\underline{\pounds 2} + \underline{\pounds 2} + \underline{10p}) + (\underline{\pounds 2} + \underline{50p} + \underline{5p}) = \underline{\pounds 6}$ and $\underline{65p}$; $(\underline{\pounds 2} + \underline{\pounds 2} + \underline{5p}) + (\underline{\pounds 2} + \underline{50p} + \underline{10p}) = \underline{\pounds 6}$ and $\underline{65p}$ 6a. Yes, this is possible as the difference is 30p which can be made with a 10p and a 20p coin.

<u>Greater Depth</u>

7a. A + B = £12 and 53p; A + C = £11 and 87p; A + E = £6 and 78p; A + F = £11 and 10p; B + E = £10 and 13p; E + F = £8 and 70p

8a. Various answers, for example: £5 and 21p (made up of: <u>one</u> £5 note, <u>four</u> 5p coins and <u>one</u> 1p coin) + £9 and 94p (made up of <u>four</u> £2 coins, <u>three</u> 50p coins, <u>two</u> 20p coins and <u>two</u> 2p coins) = £15 and 15p. 1 (odd) note and 16 (even) coins have been used.

9a. No, this is not possible as the difference is 20p. This can't be made with three identical coins.

<u>Reasoning and Problem Solving</u> <u>Adding Money</u>

Developing

1b. £2 and 30p + £3 = £5 and 30p, £2 and 10p + £3 = £5 and 10p and £2 and 20p + £3 = £5 and 20p. 2b. Various answers, for example: (£2 + 10p + 10p) + (£1 + 50p) = £3 and 70p; (£1 + 50p + £1 + 20p) + £1 = £3 and 70p3b. No, this is not possible as the difference is 10p and you cannot make 10p using two bronze coins.

Expected

4b. Various answers, for example: £5 and 20p + £3 and 85p = £9 and 5p, £5 and 20p + £2 and 85p = £8 and 5p and £5 and 20p + £3 and 5p = £8 and 25p 5b. Various answers, for example: $(\underline{£2} + \underline{1p}) + (\underline{£1} + \underline{£1} + \underline{£1} + \underline{£2} + \underline{£2} + \underline{2p} + \underline{2p}) =$ £9 and 5p; $(\underline{£1} + \underline{£1} + \underline{1p}) + (\underline{£2} + \underline{£2} + \underline{£2} + \underline{£2} + \underline{£1} + \underline{2p} + \underline{2p}) = \underline{£9}$ and 5p 6b. No, this is not possible as the difference is 5p which is a silver coin.

Greater Depth

7b. A + C = £20 and 71p; A + D = £21 and 40p; B + C = £19 and 37p; B + D = £20 and 16p; C + D = £26 and 5p; C + E = £22 and 5p; D + E = £22 and 74p 8b. Various answers, for example: £12 and 94p (made up of: <u>two</u> £5 notes, <u>two</u> £1 coins, <u>four</u> 20p coins, <u>one</u> 10p coin and <u>two</u> 2p coins) + £5 and 79p (made up of: <u>one</u> £5 note, <u>one</u> 50p coin, <u>two</u> 10p coins, <u>one</u> 5p coin and <u>two</u> 2p coins) = £18 and 73p. 15 coins and 3 notes have been used. 15 is three times greater than 3. 9b. Yes, this is possible as the difference is 55p. This can be made with a 50p coin which is even and a 5p coin which is odd.



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